Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers (PIDPI) Resolution

Introduction:

The Government of India had passed the Resolution No 89, published in the Gazettee of India, on 21.04.2004 (read with corrigendum dated 29.04.2004), commonly known as the Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers (PIDPI) Resolution. This Resolution has been modified / amended by the Government of India vide its Gazette Notification No 190, dated 29.08.2013.

Provisions of the Resolution:

- 1. The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) is hereby authorized as Designated Agency, to receive written complaints or disclosure on any allegation of corruption or of misuse of office by any employee of the Central Government or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, Government Companies, Societies or Local Authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government.
- 1A. The Chief Vigilance Officers of the Ministries or Departments of the Government of India are also authorized as the Designated Authority to receive written complaint or disclosure on any allegation of corruption or misuse of office by any employee of that Ministry or Department or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, Government Companies, Societies or Local Authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government and falling under the jurisdiction of that Ministry or the Department.
- 1B. The disclosure or complaint shall contain as full particulars as possible and shall be accompanied by supporting documents or other materials.
- 2. The Designated Authority may, if it deems fit call for further information or particulars from the persons making the disclosure. If the complaint is anonymous, the Designated Authority shall not take any action in the matter.
- 3. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Official Secrets Act, 1923, any public servant other than those referred to clauses (a) to (d) of Article 33 of the Constitution or any other person including any non-governmental organization, may make a written disclosure to the Designated Authority.

- 4. If the complaint is accompanied by particulars of the person making the complaint, the Designated Authority shall take the following steps:
 - i. The designated authority will ascertain from the complainant whetehr he was the person who made the complaint or not.
 - ii. The identity of the complainant will not be revealed unless the complainant himself has made the details of the complaint either public or disclosed his identity to any other office or authority.
 - iii. After concealing the identity of the complainant, the designated authority shall make, in the first instance, discreet inquiries to ascertain if there is any basis of proceeding further with the complaint. For this purpose, the designated authority shall devise an appropriate machinery.
 - iv. Either as a result of the discreet inquiry, or on the basis of the complaint itself without any inquiry, if the designated authority is of the opinion that the matter requires to be investigated further, the designated authority shall officially seek comments / or explanation from the Head of the Department of the concerned Organisation or office. While doing so, the designated authority shall not disclose the identity of the informant and also shall request the concerned Head of the Organisation to keep the identity of the informant secret, if for any reason, the concerned Head comes to know the identity.
 - v. After obtaining the response of the concerned organization, if the designated authority is of the opinion that the investigations reveal either mis-use of office or substantiate allegations of corruption, the designated authority shall recommend appropriate action to the concerned Government Department or Organisation. These shall, inter alia, include following:
 - (a) Appropriate proceedings to be initiated against the concerned Government servant.
 - (b) Appropriate administrative steps for redressing the loss caused to the Government as a result of the corrupt act or mis-use of office, as the case may be.
 - (c) Recommend to the appropriate authority / agency initiation of criminal proceedings in suitable cases, if warranted by facts and circumstances of the case.
 - (d) Recommend taking of corrective measures to prevent recurrency of such events in future.

- 5. For the purpose of making discreet inquiry or obtaining information from the concerned organization, the Designated Authority shall be authorized to call upon the CBI or the police authorities, as considered necessary, to render all assistance to complete the investigation pursuant to the complaint received.
- 6. If any person is aggrieved by any action on the ground that he is being victimized due to the fact that he ha filed a complaint or disclosure, he may file an application before the Designated Authority seeking redress in the matter, who shall take such action, as deemed fit. The Designated Authority may give suitable directions to the concerned public servant or the public authority as the case may be.
- 7. Either on the application of the complainant, or on the basis of the information gathered, if the Designated Authority is of the opinion that either the complainant or the witnesses need protection, the Designated Authority shall issue appropriate directions to the concerned Government authoritites.
- 7A.Either on the application of the complainant, or on the basis of the information gathered, if the Designated Authroity is of the opinion that either the complainant or the witnesses need protection, the Designated Authroity, shall take up the matter with the Central Vigilance Commission, for issuing appropriate directions to the Government Authorities concerned.
- 8. The machinery evolved herein shall be in addition to the existing mechanisms in place. However, secrecy of identity shall be observed, only if the complaint is received under this machinery.
- 9. In case the Designated Authority finds the complaint to be motivated or vexatious, the Designated Authority shall be at liberty to take appropriate steps.

- 10. The Designated Authority shall not entertain or inquire into any disclosure :
 - (a) in respect of which a formal and public inquiry has been ordered under the Public Servants Inquiries Act, 1850; or
 - (b) in respect of a matter which has been referred for inquiry under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952.
- 11. In the event of the identity of the informant being disclosed in spite of the Designated Authority directions to the contrary, the Designated Authority is authorized to initiate appropriate action as per extant regulations against the person or agency making such disclosure.
- 11A.The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) shall supervise and monitor the complaints received by the Designated Authority.
- 12. The machinery created herein shall operate till Parliament passes a law on the subject.

In compliance of the above, the CVO, IREDA has been appointed as the Designated Authority for this purpose. The contact details of the Chief Vigilance Officer, IREDA is as under:

Name	
Designation	Chief Vigilance Officer
Address	IREDA Ltd, 3 rd Floor, August Kranti Bhawan Bhikaiji Cama Place, RK Puram New Delhi : 110 066
Telephone & Fax No	011 – 2671 7436 / 011 – 26717413
E-mail	cvo@ireda.gov.in

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<u>Points to be kept in mind while submitting complaint under the Public</u> <u>Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers (PIDPI) Resolution</u>

The Commission / CVO (IREDA) which will accept such complaints, has the responsibility of keeping the identity of the complainant secret. Hence, it is informed to the general public that any complaint, which is to be made under this resolution should comply with the following aspects.

- (i) The complaint should be a **closed / secured envelope.**
- (ii) The envelope should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Vigilance Commission / CVO (IREDA) and should be **superscribed "Complaint under the Public Interest Disclosure"**. If the envelope is not superscribed and closed, it will not be possible for the Commission / CVO (IREDA) to protect the complainant under the above resolution and the complaint will be dealt with as per the normal complaint policy of the Commission. The complainant should give his / her name and address in the beginning or end of complaint or in an attached letter.
- (iii) Commission / CVO (IREDA) will **not entertain anonymous / pseudonymous complaints**.
- (iv) The text of the complaint should be carefully drafted so as **not to give any details or clue as to his / her identity**. However, the dtails of the complaint should be specific and verifiable.
- (v) In order to protect identity of the person, the Commission / CVO (IREDA) will not issue any acknowledgement and the whistle-blower are **advised not to enter into any further correspondence** with the Commission / CVO (IREDA) in their own interest. The Commission / CVO (IREDA) assures that, subject to the facts of the case being verifiable, it will take the necessary action, as provided under the Government of India Resolution mentioned above. If any further clarification is required, the Commission / CVO (IREDA) will get in touch with the complainant.

The Commission / CVO (IREDA) can also take **action against complainants making motivated / vexatious complaints** under this Resolution.

Personnel employe by the State Governments and activities of the State Governments or its Corporations etc, will not come under the purview of the Commission.

A copy of detailed notification is available on the web-site of the Commission http://www.cvc.nic.in.

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